

Governor of the State of Texas for the ensuing term of two years.

Welcome Resolutions

S. R. No. 9—By Senators Aikin and Calhoun: Extending welcome to Mrs. L. G. Farris and Mrs. R. H. Laschinger of Gilmer, Texas.

S. R. No. 10—By Senator Aikin: Extending welcome to Mr. and Mrs. Walter W. Bassano of Paris, Texas.

S. R. No. 11—By Senator Moffett: Extending welcome to Mr. Frank Wood of Wichita Falls, Texas.

Adjournment

The Presiding Officer (Senator Owen in the Chair) announced at the conclusion of the Joint Session that the Senate was adjourned at 12:23 o'clock p.m. until 10:15 o'clock a.m. tomorrow on motion previously adopted by the Senate.

FIFTH DAY

(Tuesday, January 15, 1963)

The Senate met at 10:15 o'clock a.m., pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by the President Pro Tempore.

The roll was called and the following Senators were present:

Aikin	Moffett
Bates	Moore
Calhoun	Owen
Colson	Parkhouse
Creighton	Patman
Crump	Reagan
Dies	Richter
Hall	Rogers
Harrington	Schwartz
Hazlewood	Spears
Herring	Strong
Kazen	Watson
Kennard	Word
Krueger	

Absent—Excused

Blanchard	Hardeman
Cole	Ratliff

A quorum was announced present.

Reverend W. H. Townsend, Chaplain, offered the invocation.

On motion of Senator Aikin, and by unanimous consent, the reading of

the Journal of the proceedings of yesterday was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

Leaves of Absence

Senator Cole was granted leave of absence for today on account of important business on motion of Senator Patman.

Senator Blanchard was granted leave of absence for today on account of important business on motion of Senator Crump.

Senator Hardeman was granted leave of absence for today on account of important business on motion of Senator Aikin.

Senator Ratliff was granted leave of absence for today on account of important business on motion of Senator Aikin.

Morning Call Dispensed With

On motion of Senator Kazen and by unanimous consent the Morning Call was dispensed with.

Senate Resolution 13

Senator Patman offered the following resolution:

Whereas, C. O'Hara Chandler of Victoria, a distinguished leader in the field of education, has been elected president of the Texas State Teachers Association, an organization of 84,000 active members; and

Whereas, From the time Mr. Chandler first assumed a teaching post in East Texas, some 32 years ago, his service to the people of Texas has been noted for the thoroughness and patience with which he attended his work, the good citizenship which he taught his students and his dedication to public service; and

Whereas, it is the desire of the Senate to congratulate and honor C. O'Hara Chandler at this time, and wish him success in the future.

Now, therefore, be it resolved, That the Senate of the State of Texas, does hereby congratulate C. O'Hara Chandler on his new honor and distinction as President of the Texas State Teachers Association, and express to him its appreciation for the great public service he has rendered in the past.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Message from the House

Hall of the House of Representatives

Austin, Texas,
January 15, 1963.

Hon. Hartin Dies, President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

Sir: I am directed by the House to inform the Senate that the House has passed the following:

S. C. R. No. 6, Congratulations to George W. Brackenridge Senior High School of San Antonio Football Team.

Respectfully submitted,

DOROTHY HALLMAN,

Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Presentation of Guests

Senator Parkhouse by unanimous consent presented Judge Lewis Sterrett, County Judge, Mr. Preascher Hays, and Mr. Ted Hinton, all of Dallas, Texas, to the Members of the Senate.

Senator Parkhouse by unanimous consent presented Mrs. Ray Cullum, Mrs. Orville Aldridge, Sponsors, and the 46 Leopardettes of the Adamson Senior High School of Dallas to the Members of the Senate.

Senator Reagan by unanimous consent presented the students and teachers of Ray High School of Corpus Christi to the Members of the Senate.

Senator Bates by unanimous consent presented Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Sharpe, former Mayor of Brownsville, and Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Vicars, a former assistant Federal Attorney, to the Members of the Senate.

Senator Creighton by unanimous consent presented the Sheriffs Posse of Mineral Wells together with their Sweetheart, Miss Cindy Turner, to the Members of the Senate.

Senator Reagan by unanimous consent presented Mr. and Mrs. John Reagan and Mr. and Mrs. Jack Wilkins to the Members of the Senate.

Senator Patman by unanimous consent presented Mr. and Mrs. Taylor and Mr. Jack Stewart to the Members of the Senate.

Senator Word by unanimous consent presented Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Bakke of Clifton and Mr. Bryan Bateman of Iredell and Mr. Steve Butch and the Members of the Hills-

boro Golden Eagle Band and former Senator Martin to the Members of the Senate.

Senator Hazlewood by unanimous consent presented Mr. Alex Meier and Mr. Conrad Bechtold to the Members of the Senate.

Senator Watson by unanimous consent presented Mr. N. O. Bryson of Houston to the Members of the Senate.

Neep Indian Dancers of Order of Arrow of Loughorn Council

The President Pro Tempore announced the time had arrived pursuant to the provisions of S. R. No. 4 and recognized Senator Creighton.

The members of the Neep Indian Dancers were presented together with their Director and the dancers performed several Indian dances for the pleasure of the Senate.

At Ease

On motion of Senator Herring the Senate at 10:40 agreed to start At Ease Subject to the Call of the Chair.

(Senator Owen in the Chair.)

(Senator Richter in the Chair.)

(Senator Owen in the Chair.)

In Legislative Session

The Presiding Officer (Senator Owen in the Chair) called the Senate to order as In Legislative Session at 11:01 o'clock a.m.

Resolutions Signed

The Presiding Officer announced the signing by the President Pro Tempore in the presence of the Senate after the captions had been read, the following enrolled resolutions:

H. C. R. No. 1, In memory of C. Read Granberry.

H. C. R. No. 2: Inviting the Honorable John Connally, Governor of Texas, to address a Joint Session of the House and Senate at 11:00 a.m., Wednesday, January 16, 1963.

At Ease

The Presiding Officer (Senator Owen in the Chair) announced at 11:03 o'clock a.m. that the Senate would stand At Ease until 11:25 o'clock a.m.

In Legislative Session

The Presiding Officer (Senator Owen in the Chair) called the Senate to order as in Legislative Session at 11:25 o'clock a.m.

Motion to Adjourn

On motion of Senator Creighton and by unanimous consent the Senate agreed to stand adjourned at the conclusion of the Joint Session for the Inauguration of the Governor and the Lieutenant Governor until 10:00 o'clock a.m. tomorrow.

Announcement

The Presiding Officer at 11:25 o'clock a.m. announced the time had arrived for the Members, families and guests to proceed to the south entrance of the Capitol Building for the Joint Session for the Inauguration of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor.

Joint Session

(To Inaugurate the Governor and Lieutenant Governor.)

The Senate met at 12:00 o'clock noon in Joint Session with the House of Representatives in the space reserved for the Legislature adjacent to the platform erected at the south entrance of the Capitol for the Inauguration of the Governor and the Lieutenant Governor.

Governor-elect John Connally and Mrs. Connally, Lieutenant Governor-elect Preston Smith and Mrs. Smith, Senator Martin Dies, President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and Mrs. Dies, Speaker of the House Byron Tunnell and Mrs. Tunnell, Chief Justice Robert W. Calvert, the Reverend Gaston Foote, the Reverend Froehner and Brigadier General Thomas S. Bishop were escorted to the Platform by Senators Herring, Kazen, Creighton, Patman and Richter on the part of the Senate and Representatives Barnes, Foreman, Mutscher, Traeger and Walker on the part of the House.

The following guests of Governor-elect Connally and Lieutenant Governor-elect Smith were seated at the rear of the platform:

Johnny Connally, Sharon Connally, Mark Connally, Vice-President and Mrs. Lyndon B. Johnson, Mrs. John B. Connally, Sr., Stanford Connally,

Mr. and Mrs. Speedy Hicks, Davy Hicks, Dick Hicks, Charmen Hicks, Jeanne Hicks, Golfrey Connally, Mr. and Merrill Connally, Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Connally,

Mrs. Blanche Kline, Duane Kline, Janet Kline, Mr. and Mrs. Arno Brill, Mr. and Mrs. Bill Brill, Billy Brill, Patsy Jane Brill, Mr. and Mrs. Bob Brill, Robert Brill, Rickey Brill, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Bryant, Judy Bryant, Becky Bryant, Beverly Bryant, Mr. and Mrs. George Clary, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Irwin, Mr. Mickey Smith, Miss Jan Smith, Mrs. R. M. Mitchell, Mrs. W. J. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Freeman, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Freeman, Mr. and Mrs. Lavoy Robinet,

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Daniel, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Daniel, Mr. and Mrs. Sid Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Parnell and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Burke, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Smith and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Smith, Jr., and two children,

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Murray Jordan, Mr. Larry Smith, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Nicholas, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Smith, Mrs. Murphy Qualls, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Brow, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wood, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Jude Smith, together with other distinguished visitors.

The President Pro Tempore called the Senate to order and announced a quorum of the Senate present.

The Speaker then called the House of Representatives to order and announced a quorum of the House present.

The Honorable Byron Tunnell, Speaker of the House, announced the purpose of the Joint Session.

The Speaker then introduced the Reverend Gaston Foote of Fort Worth who delivered the invocation.

The Speaker then announced that the Constitutional Oath of Office would be administered to Lieutenant Governor-elect Smith by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, Judge Robert W. Calvert.

The Honorable Preston Smith then took the Constitutional Oath of Office and affixed thereto his signature, the oath being administered and the signature attested by Chief Justice Robert Calvert of the Supreme Court.

The Honorable Martin Dies, Jr., President Pro Tempore of the Senate, then presented the Honorable Preston Smith, Lieutenant Governor of Texas, who addressed the Joint Session as follows:

Mr. Speaker, Governor Daniel, Governor-elect Connally, Members of the Fifty-Eighth Legislature, distinguished officials and guests, my fellow Texans:

The main purpose of this historic occasion is to inaugurate a new Governor. I join all other citizens of this great State in saluting both the office and the man who is about to assume it.

The Texas Constitution says: "There shall also be a Lieutenant Governor." That fortuitous afterthought, and the votes of my fellow Texans, have provided a place for me in this ceremony. I acknowledge with deepest gratitude the honor and the obligation you have conferred upon me.

Some may think of the Lieutenant Governor as an obscure and shadowy figure hovering more or less expectantly somewhere in the background. Others — knowing of the responsible role which passing years and strong incumbents have created for this office — realize that the Lieutenant Governor can and should be more than a parliamentary figurehead and an available substitute for the Chief Executive.

I recognize and accept the responsibilities, written and unwritten, of the Lieutenant Governor's Office. I dedicate my complete effort to the proper disposition of them.

The Lieutenant Governor is a constitutional officer of the Executive Branch. Yet his role as President of the Senate identifies him even more closely with the Legislative Branch. Thus he stands astride of the line clearly drawn between those who make our laws and those who execute them.

From this unique vantage point he observes the interplay of separated powers which — according to the early American Federalists — "... so contrives the interior structure of the government that its several constituent parts may, by their mutual relations, be the means of keeping each other in their proper places."

To execute adequately the duties of Lieutenant Governor, an incumbent must understand and appreciate the

commitments of an elected representative of a geographical district — in this case, a State Senator. The elected representative's first duty is to represent the people who elected him. When the interests of his district conflict with those of the Administration, or of a majority of his colleagues, he has an obligation to speak out and a right to be heard. That obligation and right should and will be respected.

Yet the views of the minority must, in time, yield to the will of the majority. With due deference to all viewpoints and under fair rules of procedure fairly applied, a legislative body arrives ultimately at the consensus.

It will be my goal, as presiding officer of the Senate, to aid the Senate in reaching true majority decisions deliberately but without unnecessary delay. I am confident that the members will recognize and respect the difference between honest disagreement and obstructive discord.

In this climate the Legislature can most equitably determine how the State should deal with the people, and the people with one another; what restrictions there should be upon individual initiative; what services the State should render to its citizens, and who will pay the cost.

When the inevitable Moment of Truth arrives and the issue is the general good against the specific interests of powerful forces, I am confident that the members of both houses, in impressive numbers, will place the welfare of Texas first.

This is a verdict of conscience that the new Governor has every right to expect from members of the 58th Legislature, and they from him.

Texans have a right to expect this Administration and this Legislature to make significant advancements in such areas as higher education, encouragement of industry and tourism, the problems of our seam-bursting cities, the modernization and enforcement of conservation laws for oil, gas and water, and a helping hand to our beleaguered farms and ranches including particularly a successful conclusion to the screwworm eradication program. We have a continuing commitment to provide adequately for public education, health, welfare and safety. We have the ever-present responsibility of doing these necessary things without wasting public funds or unfairly burdening any sector of the economy with taxes.

Toward the end that this 58th session may do what is right and necessary to assure the present and future greatness of our State, I give my hand and pledge my cooperation to the incoming Governor, the members of the Senate and House, and the people of Texas.

Thank you.

Speaker Tunnell announced that the Constitutional Oath of Office would next be administered to Governor-elect Connally by Chief Justice Robert Calvert of the Supreme Court.

The Honorable John Connally then took the Constitutional Oath of Office and affixed thereto his signature, the oath being administered and the signature attested by Chief Justice Robert Calvert of the Supreme Court.

Speaker Tunnell then presented His Excellency, the Honorable John Connally, Governor of the State of Texas, who delivered the following address:

Mr. Speaker, Lieutenant Governor Smith, Members of the Fifty-Eighth Legislature, distinguished officials and guests, my Fellow Texans:

The oath I have taken is mine to uphold, but the trust assumed at this hour is yours and mine — to honor and fulfill together.

On this day, a new voice speaks in Texas — not the voice of one man alone, but the voice of all Texas united. For we bring our differences to the steps of this Capitol to leave them, not to carry them inside.

We are all Americans. We are all Texans. Wearing these labels — and none other — let us be unified in our common purpose as we are united by our common heritage.

We in Texas are inheritors of great riches from a long history. Twenty-seven years after Columbus — one hundred one years before Plymouth Rock—explorers from the Old World first came to Texas. The story of the intervening years is one of the noble chapters in the annals of man. But the duty which falls to us is not to read or to reread our own history—but to write our own future.

Today — five hundred years after its discovery — the world of Texas is still a new world: a land still awaiting fulfillment, a promise still awaiting realization. Seeing what we see, knowing what we know, believing what we believe, we come to this day recognizing that the time for fulfillment

in Texas has come—and the realization of its promise has passed to our hands.

In our world — and in our nation — great new forces are beginning to work their will upon the destiny of man. For the world, this is the beginning of a new age of exploration. For America, this is the beginning of a new age of growth and expansion and migration. Here in Texas, we stand at a point on the globe — and at a point of history — where these two great forces will converge.

In man's last great age of exploration, five hundred years ago, Texas was only a point of destination for the explorers—but in this new age, Texas will be a point of their departure. The Columbus and Magellan, the Coronado and Cabeza de Vaca of the Age of Space will be men who call Texas home as they explore among the stars.

As young pioneers among us begin to reach to the stars, it is an event of no less importance that many more Americans are beginning to follow the sun, moving Westward and Southward where the land is bright — to build new homes and start a new life. While this is a movement of tens of thousands today, we cannot stand on this platform and stop our ears to the foot-treads of the hundreds of thousands coming tomorrow if we prove worthy of our opportunity.

The challenge and change of the next fifty years will far exceed all that we have experienced in the last five hundred years. On the lands where we live — the lands of the great American West — will be built the greatest cities of our continent, the most important industries of our economy, and the richest opportunities of our world for the individual.

What has gone before will find its meaning — or lose its purpose — by how we respond to the trust of these moments of opportunity which begin for us today.

We can succeed greatly or greatly fail, but we cannot ride at anchor and wait for smoother seas. The destiny of Texas will not be fulfilled at dockside in the harbors of yesterday — but out on the open waters of the Twentieth Century.

Great challenges are presented to us. Great opportunities are entrusted to our care. On this day of dedication — and at this solemn hour of consecration — let us in humility and with courage commit ourselves to the goal

of guiding our State to a time of new greatness.

Greatness is not an attribute of governments but of the people who create them and are their masters. If this era is to be remembered as a time of greatness in Texas, it must be because the people stood taller, rather than because their State government grew larger. To those in whom the public's trust is vested, let the purpose of our joint efforts be to make the Government of this State the people's greater blessing rather than the people's greater burden.

To serve the people at all, we must serve all the people alike, making no distinctions among them, for the governments which the people have created are not wiser than the God who created the people free and equal in His sight. As we strive to realize the fullest use of our natural resources in Texas, let us strive with greater purpose to realize the highest use of all our human resources.

In this great enterprise, on which we join together, the tasks we face are many. We must maintain the vigor of our farms and assure the vitality of our cities. We must preserve the strength of the industry which is here and add the strength of new industry which can be built here.

But above all, these things must be done within the concept that neither farms, nor buildings, nor plants is the final objective.

They are but material things to be used to provide opportunities for people — to insure greater personal freedom from want — to encourage more individual enterprise — and to enrich the lives of all our citizens.

If the chapter of history we write is to be honored, we must bring to our public affairs that rare quality which won honor for the founders of Texas a century ago. That is the rare quality of vision. We must invest our talents, our capabilities, our efforts in those things which will long live rather than soon pass. We must, above all else, invest in our youth.

The riches in Texas today are in large measure a return on such an investment made in the youth of Texas by those men of vision long ago. They wisely committed the resources of this State to the support of education of the first class in their time. We must renew that commitment and re-endow the future with greater investments today. If Texas is to stand first in the eyes of the

nation, our own youth must stand first in the eyes of Texas.

The greater support of education — at all levels for all our people — will be the first and greatest work of the effort on which we today begin.

This is a time of trial and test for our Federal system and for the role of states within that system. The question is not alone whether the states can stand against encroachment of the central government but whether the central government can continue to stand under burdens of responsibility defaulted by the states.

It is an essential truth — born in difficulty and certified by history — that all the power and all the strength of the central government is drawn from the people. We will not accept the proposition that in a time when the central government must be strong, the state government must be weak. Power flows in when responsibility ebbs away. And I say to you that the strength of our system — and the order of our system — urgently demands a renaissance of responsibility among the states. We would propose to begin that renaissance here in Texas, by our own efforts, by our acceptance of our responsibility.

A free society is the greatest achievement of a free people. Freedom untended is freedom lost. Our supreme task is to insure a future that guarantees the highest personal achievements and the greatest individual happiness. This is a job for each of us as individuals. No government can be more enlightened than the enlightenment of its people. Nor stronger in its basic concepts than the will and the dedication of a free people who sustain it. Government can guarantee us nothing. But each of us can provide the future we want through a government responsive to our will.

As I carry the greatest trust that can be bestowed by the people of Texas, I am fully conscious of the magnitude of the burden. In meeting the great responsibilities of government, your chief executive should supply vision without being visionary, should meet challenges without cowardice, should lead without arrogance, should reflect humility without weakness and humanity without gullibility. He should encourage every citizen to aspire to a higher sense of individual worth and accomplishment, and in his every action, he should lend strength to the firm belief that service to man-

kind through service in government is the highest calling in a society of free people.

And so let us begin our work.

Let it be heard wherever there are men of purpose and goodwill, that here, on this way, Texas reaches for greatness.

To those of you who want more for your children than you had for yourself, we offer hope.

To those of you who pray for achievement that endures, we pledge hard work.

To those of you who believe that tomorrow is a challenge to be won, we set forth our resolution.

There are no magic formulas, no easy directions. But nothing great was ever gained easily.

To this task of tomorrow, I dedicate myself with a solemn determination and a humble spirit. As you hand to me the sacred trust of public office, I pledge to you to point the way always to the high road of responsibility, morality and integrity. And as I assume this task in the administration of the laws of men, I reverently hold as my guide the greatest laws of the ages . . . the Ten Commandments.

To this I pledge my all this day, with the help and strength of Almighty God.

The Speaker then presented Dr. Calvin W. Froehner, Pastor of Saint John's Methodist Church of Lubbock, who delivered the benediction.

The Speaker then announced that The University of Texas Band would play "The Eyes of Texas" and "Texas Our Texas."

At the conclusion of the renditions by the band, the President Pro Tempore announced that the purpose of the Joint Session having been concluded, the Senate would stand adjourned until 10:00 o'clock a.m. tomorrow on motion previously adopted by the Senate.

Welcome Resolutions

S. R. No. 12—By Senator Owen: Extending welcome to Mrs. Robert Dooley and Mrs. Bedford Fancher, of Odessa, Texas.

S. R. No. 14—By Senator Reagan: Extending welcome to his brother, John Reagan and his wife, Mrs. John Reagan and to Mr. Jack Wilkins, his nephew, and Mrs. Jack Wilkins.

S. R. No. 15—By Senator Hazlewood: Extending welcome to Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Spradlin and their daughter, Sandra Kay, all of Amarillo, Texas.

S. R. No. 16—By Senator Hazlewood: Extending welcome to Mr. Alex Meier and Mr. Conrad Bechtold of Darrouzet in Lipscomb County, Texas.

SIXTH DAY

(Wednesday, January 16, 1963)

The Senate met at 10:00 o'clock a.m., pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by the President.

The roll was called and the following Senators were present:

Aikin	Moffett
Bates	Moore
Blanchard	Owen
Calhoun	Parkhouse
Cole	Patman
Colson	Ratliff
Crump	Reagan
Dies	Richter
Hall	Rogers
Hardeman	Schwartz
Hazlewood	Spears
Kazen	Strong
Kennard	Watson
Krueger	Word

Absent—Excused

Creighton	Herring
Harrington	

A quorum was announced present.

Reverend W. H. Townsend, Chaplain, offered the invocation.

On motion of Senator Aikin, and by unanimous consent, the reading of the Journal of the proceedings of yesterday was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

Leaves of Absence

Senator Harrington was granted leave of absence for today on account of illness on motion of Senator Crump.

Senator Creighton was granted leave of absence for today on account of illness on motion of Senator Calhoun.

Senator Herring was granted leave of absence for today on account of